

THE DAILY COMMONWEALTH.

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Estate of James Harlan, dec'd.

THE undersigned having been appointed administrators of the estate of James Harlan, deceased, request all persons indebted to the same to make an early settlement. Persons having claims against said estate will have them prepared for adjustment.

All persons who may have any books, law or miscellaneous, belonging to said estate, are requested to return them to the undersigned at once.

JAMES HARLAN, Jr.
JOHN M. HARLAN.

March 14, 1863—Yeoman copy.

JAMES HARLAN, JR. JOHN M. HARLAN.

HARLAN & HARLAN,
Attorneys at Law,
FRANKFORT, KY.

WILL practice law in the Court of Appeals, in the Federal courts holden in Frankfort, Louisville, and Covington, and in the Circuit Courts of Franklin, Woodford, Shelby, Henry, Anderson, Owen, Mercer, and Scott counties. Special attention given to the collection of claims. They will, in all cases where it is desired, attend to the unsettled law business of James Harlan, dec'd. Correspondence in reference to that business is requested.

March 16, 1863—tf.

J. M. GRAY,
DENTAL SURGEON,
Office and residence on Main between St. Clair and Lewis Streets.

FRANKFORT, KY.

ALL operations for the Extraction, Insertion, Regulation, and Preservation of the Teeth performed in a scientific and satisfactory manner. He would ask the particular attention of those wanting artificial Teeth to his own improvement upon the solid Refined Plate, which, for cleanliness, durability, and neatness, cannot be excelled. Specimens of all kinds of plate work may be seen at his office.

Frankfort, April 22, 1863-ly.

Executive, Military, and Judicial Directory of the State of Kentucky.

We publish, for the information of our readers, the following Directory of all the departments of the State Government of Kentucky:

Executive Department.

GOVERNOR.

Thos. E. Bramlette, Frankfort.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

E. L. Van Winkle, Sec'y of State, Frankfort.

James H. Garrard, Assistant Secretary, Frankfort.

Daniel Clarke, "Assistant Governor," Frankfort.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE.

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Edgar Keenon, Assistant Auditor, Frankfort.

Uberto Keenon, Clerk, Frankfort.

James M. Withrow, Clerk, Frankfort.

R. R. Bacon, Clerk, Frankfort.

John A. Crittenden, Clerk, Frankfort.

William L. Harlan, Clerk, Frankfort.

Charles T. Miller, Clerk, Frankfort.

John L. Sneed, Clerk, Frankfort.

Wince Coleman, Porter, Frankfort.

TREASURER'S OFFICE.

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Mason P. Brown, Clerk, Frankfort.

LAND OFFICE.

James H. Garrard, Register, Frankfort.

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SUPERINTENDENT PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

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Frank H. Pope, Clerk, Frankfort.

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James F. Tureman, Chief Clerk, Frankfort.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE.

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W. T. Poynter, Auditing Clerk, Frankfort.

Thos. A. Theobald, Ordnance Clerk, at Arsenal, Frankfort.

Judicial Department.

COURT OF APPEALS.

Alvin Duval, Chief Justice, Georgetown.

Joshua F. Ballitt, Judge, Louisville.

Belvid L. Peters, Judge, Mount Sterling.

Rufus K. Williams, Judge, Mayfield.

James P. Metcalfe, Reporter, Frankfort.

Leslie Combs, Clerk, Frankfort.

R. R. Eolling, Deputy Clerk, Frankfort.

JUDGES OF CIRCUIT COURTS.

1st Dist.—C. S. Marshall, Bardonia.

2d Dist.—R. T. Petree, Hopkinsville.

3d Dist.—James Stuart, Brandenburg.

4th Dist.—A. W. Graham, Bowlinggreen.

5th Dist.—J. E. Newman, Bardonia.

6th Dist.—F. T. Fox, Danville.

7th Dist.—Peter B. Muir, Louisville.

8th Dist.—Geo. C. Drane, New Castle.

9th Dist.—Joseph Doniphan, Augusta.

10th Dist.—L. W. Andrews, Flemingsburg.

11th Dist.—Richard Apperson, Jr., Mt. Sterling.

12th Dist.—Granville Pearl, London.

13th Dist.—W. C. Goodloe, Richmond.

14th Dist.—W. P. Fowler, Smithland.

CHANCELLORS.

4th Dist.—J. W. Ritter, Glasgow.

7th Dist.—Henry Pirtle, Louisville.

Harry Stucky, Clerk Louisville Chancery Court, Louisville.

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3d Dist.—John Chapeze, Hartford.

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5th Dist.—L. H. Noble, Lebanon.

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8th Dist.—John L. Scott, Frankfort.

9th Dist.—R. B. Carpenter, Covington.

10th Dist.—Geo. M. Thomas, Clarksville.

11th Dist.—J. S. Dury, Mt. Sterling.

12th Dist.—Hugh F. Finley, Whitley C. H.

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Which we offer to Merchants at

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MIDDLESEX SHAWLS,

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CINCINNATI, OHIO

Sept. 25, 1863.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

OF THE

Liverpool and London Fire & Life

INSURANCE COMPANY,

On the 1st day of January, 1863, made to the Auditor of the State of Kentucky, in compliance with an act, entitled "An act to regulate Agencies of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved 3d March, 1856.

NAME AND LOCATION.

The name of the Company is the LIVERPOOL AND LONDON FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, and is located in Liverpool, England.

CAPITAL.

The amount of its Capital Stock, is, authorized, \$10,000,000 00

The amount of the Capital Stock paid up, is, with surplus fund, 6,559,525 00

ASSETS.

1. Cash on hand, in Banks and on demand, \$232,541 76

2. Real estate unincumbered, 120,660 00

3. Debts due the Company, secured by mortgage on unincumbered Real Estate worth, 685,400 00

4. Debts due the Company for premiums and in the hands of Agents and course of transmission, 78,042 69

5. The Bonds and Stocks owned by the Company, per vouchers accompanying—how secured, and the rate of interest thereon, to-wit:

6. United States 6 per cent. Stock, 40,000 00

7. All other securities, 49,783 23

Total assets of the Company \$1,222,027 68

LIABILITIES.

1. The amount of liabilities, due and not due, to Banks and other Creditors—none.

2. Losses unadjusted and Losses in suspense, waiting for further proof, \$73,140 25

3. All other claims against the Company—none.

Total liabilities, \$73,140 25

STATE OF NEW YORK,

THE COMMONWEALTH.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1864.

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE

IN SENATE.

NIGHT SESSION.

TUESDAY, Feb. 2, 1864.

The Senate met at 7 o'clock and took up the report of the committee on the

CONTESTED ELECTION.

In the case of the seat of JOHN POWER the setting Senator from the 33d district whose seat is contested by ELIJAH PATRICK.

The Senate resolved to hear the parties by their counsel.

Hon. JOHN M. HARLAN addressed the Senate on the part of Mr. POWER. He spoke ably and earnestly for two hours, arguing the case fully.

The Senate then adjourned having fixed 2 1/2 o'clock, P. M., on to-morrow to hear the counsel on behalf of E. PATRICK, the contestant.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 3, 1864.

The Senate was opened with prayer by Rev. S. L. ROBERTSON, of the Methodist Church.

The reading of the journal of yesterday was dispensed with.

PROPOSED REMOVAL OF THE SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.

The Senate under a dispensation of the rules took up the House amendment to the Senate resolution to appoint a committee to inquire into the expediency of moving the Seat of Government, and the amendment was concurred in. [The amendment adds, "and other places" to Louisville and Lexington as places to be inquired about.]

MESSAGE FROM THE U. S.

Was received by Mr. TODD, Assistant Clerk, announcing the concurrence of that House in several bills and resolutions which originated in that House in which they ask the concurrence of the Senate.

EXTENSION OF THE SESSION.

Mr. ALEXANDER moved that the rules be suspended to take up the resolution from the House to extend the session: carried by yeas 25; nays 8.

The vote was then taken upon the adoption of the resolution extending the session beyond sixty days, and it was decided in the affirmative by yeas 27; nays 7.

U. S. SENATOR.

Mr. BUSH moved that the rules be suspended to take up the House joint resolution rescinding the joint resolution for going into the election of a United States Senator: carried.

The said resolution was then taken up. Mr. WRIGHT moved the previous question: ordered.

The vote was then taken upon the adoption of the resolution, and it was decided in the affirmative by yeas 18; nays 16.

BILL REPORTED.

Mr. J. D. LANDRUM—select committee, by general consent reported—A bill for the benefit of the sheriff of McCracken county: passed.

SPECIAL ORDER FOR 10 1/2 O'CLOCK.

A bill from the House to appropriate money to the Western Lunatic Asylum, was taken up as the special order for this hour.

Mr. WHITAKER moved its postponement until to-morrow and make it the special order at 10 1/2 o'clock, as the report of the committee in relation to the expenditures heretofore on said Asylum had just been laid on Senator's tables, and he wished to examine it: adopted.

ENROLLMENTS.

Mr. COOK reported a Senate bill, and the several resolutions which originated in the U. S. extending the session; rescinding the joint resolution for the election of a U. S. Senator; and for firing national salutes upon the arrival of Veteran Regiments, all correctly enrolled, they having been signed by the SPEAKER of the House the SPEAKER of the Senate signed them, and they were delivered to the committee to be delivered to the Governor for his approval and signature.

SECOND SPECIAL ORDER.

A bill to repeal the 16th and 17th sections of article 4, chapter 47, of Revised Statutes, title "husband and wife" was then taken up.

Mr. GOODLOE addressed the Senate in favor of the bill at length.

Mr. WHITAKER replied to Mr. GOODLOE in a few remarks.

Before he concluded his remarks he was cut off by the joint order. Being the

ELECTION OF MANAGERS OF THE EASTERN LUNATIC ASYLUM.

A message was received from the House by Mr. DEHAVEN announcing their readiness to go into the election of two managers of said Asylum.

A message was sent to the House by Mr. MALLORY announcing the readiness of the Senate also to proceed to said election.

Mr. ROBINSON nominated M. C. Johnson and David A. Sayre as suitable persons for Managers of the Asylum.

The House notified the Senate of the same gentlemen being nominated in that House.

There being no other nominations the Senate voted unanimously for those gentlemen.

And a message was received from the House announcing that they had received the unanimous vote of the House, and they were declared elected.

SPECIAL ORDER RESUMED.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the bill to repeal secs. 16th and 17th of art. 4, chap. 47, of Revised Statutes, title, "husband and wife."

Mr. WHITAKER continued his remarks on the bill, he opposed it some considerable length.

Mr. SAMPSON replied to Mr. WHITAKER's argument against the bill, and advocated its passage earnestly.

Mr. PRALL addressed the Senate in opposition to the bill and replied to the argument of Messrs. GOODLOE and SAMPSON.

Mr. ROBINSON addressed the Senate in favor of the passage of the bill, he argued fully the questions involved, and which are proposed to be affected by the passage of this bill.

Mr. WHITAKER replied to the arguments of Messrs. ROBINSON and SAMPSON. He again opposed the passage of this bill, at length.

Mr. MARSHALL addressed the Senate briefly in favor of the passage of the bill.

Mr. WRIGHT moved the previous question: ordered.

The bill was then passed by yeas 23; nays 11.

The said bill reads as follows:

1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That the 16th and 17th sections of article 4, chapter 47, of the Revised Statutes, title "Husband and Wife," be and they are hereby repealed.

2. This act shall take effect from its passage.

The following are the sections proposed to be repealed, viz:

16. If any stock in any of the banks or other corporations of this State is taken for or transferred to any female, and it is expressed on the face of the certificate or transfer-book of such stock that it is for the exclusive use of such female for her annual support, no husband she then has, or may thereafter have, shall take any interest in such stock or the dividends thereon; and the same, at her death, shall pass to her heirs; but if married, she may dispose of it by will, or, if married, so dispose of it with the consent of her husband, or without such consent, if so provided in the deed or will creating the trust.

She may also receive the dividends, and give acquittances therefor, though married; but she shall not in any way anticipate the same; nor shall any dividend be paid upon an order or power given by her before the same is declared.

17. If real or personal estate be hereafter conveyed or devised for the separate use of a married woman, or for that of an unmarried woman, to the exclusion of any husband she may have; but may do so, when it is a gift, by the consent of the donor or his personal representative.

Such estates, heretofore created, shall not be sold or encumbered but by order of a court of equity, and only for the purpose of exchange and reinvestment, for the same use as that of the original conveyance or devise; and the court shall see that the exchange or reinvestment is properly made.

The Senate took a recess until 2 1/2 o'clock.

EVENING SESSION.

The Senate met at 2 1/2 o'clock, and took up the report of the committee on the case of the contested election, from the 33d district, between JOHN POWER, the sitting Senator, and ELIJAH PATRICK, the contestant.

There not being an entirely full Senate, Mr. FISK moved an adjournment: negatively by yeas 3; nays 21.

Mr. JNO. M. HARLAN, attorney for Mr. POWER, offered some evidence in relation to the loyalty of the officers of the election in Pike county.

Hon. A. J. JAMES addressed the Senate at length on behalf of Mr. E. PATRICK, the contestant, for a seat in the Senate, from the 33d district, in opposition to JOHN POWER the sitting Senator.

He spoke for several hours with ability and zeal in behalf of his client.

When Mr. James concluded his argument Mr. McHENRY offered the following resolutions as a substitute for the majority and minority reports made by the committee or Board, who were appointed to examine into this case, viz:

Resolved by the Senate of Kentucky, That the election held in the 33d Senatorial District of Kentucky, in August last, for the election of a Senator to represent that district in this body, was so irregular, and inconsistent with the election laws of this State as to require a new election for Senator for that district.

Resolved, That in view of those irregularities, neither the sitting member John Power, nor the contestant for the seat Elijah Patrick, are entitled to a seat in this body, as Senator, from said district, under said election, and that the office of Senator from said 33d Senatorial District is now vacant.

Some discussion arose on these resolutions, and those offered by the committee declaring E. PATRICK entitled to the seat in place of J. POWER, and the minority report which is in favor of Mr. POWER as entitled to the seat.

The previous question was then moved and ordered.

The vote was taken on the adoption of the resolutions as a substitute, and it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

The resolutions were then finally adopted. Those who voted affirmative were: Messrs. Baker, Black, Botts, Bruner, Cleveland, Cook, Duncan, Goodloe, Grover, Hamman, J. J. Landrum, Marshall, McHenry, Prall, Rife, Robinson, Whitaker, Worthington, and Wright—17.

Those who voted in negative were: Messrs. Alexander, Bush, Cockrill, Field, Fisk, Gardner, Grainger, J. D. Landrum, Mallory, Read, Sampson, and Spaulding—12. So the vote was declared vacant.

And then the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, Feb. 2, 1864.

Prayer by Rev. JNO. S. HAYS, of the Presbyterian church.

The reading of the journal of yesterday was dispensed with.

A PETITION AND REMONSTRANCE.

Were presented by Mr. WILSON.

STANDING COMMITTEE.

Mr. MARSHALL—Judiciary—Senate bill, an act to amend, approved 3d March 1863, entitled, an act to amend chap. 86, Revised Statutes, with an amendment: amendment adopted and bill passed.

Mr. WARD—Judiciary—To create a board of Commissioners of Sinking Fund, in Pendleton county: passed.

Same—to increase the jurisdiction of the quarterly courts and courts of justices of peace, in Whitley county: passed.

Mr. J. F. BELL—Judiciary—To increase the jurisdiction of the courts, circuit and county, of Harlan county: passed.

Mr. WARD—same committee—Senate bill, an act requiring county Judges, Police and City Judges, and Justices of the Peace, to execute bond: rejected.

Mr. LOWRY—same committee—An act for the benefit of J. H. Reno, and Agnes Wickliffe.

[The bill proposes to pay \$500 for a negro who made his escape, after being under sentence of death.]

Mr. FISHER moved to strike out \$500 and insert \$800.

Mr. E. H. SMITH moved to amend the amendment by striking out \$800, and insert \$400. The House then refused to strike out.

Mr. SPARKS moved that if the negro should be hereafter heard of the owner should pay back the money appropriated and that the owner should give bond for the amount paid him: rejected.

Mr. WARD moved that if the slave should be hereafter captured and hung the \$500 should be deducted from the amount of his assessed value: adopted.

The bill was then rejected—yeas 42; nays 46.

SPECIAL ORDERS.

A bill to fix the time of holding courts in the 5th Judicial District: passed.

Senate bill, an act to amend an act entitled, an act concerning runaway slaves, slaves, with a substitute.

The substitute after being amended was adopted and the bill passed—yeas 48; nays 45.

RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. WARING offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the Adjutant General, Quartermaster General, and Inspector General, report to this House as soon as practicable the number of clerks and employees in their offices, and what salaries they are paid, and out of what fund.

Mr. E. H. SMITH offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the special committee to whom was referred the subject of creating a relief fund for the benefit of the families of soldiers—for disabled soldiers, and for the widows and orphans of soldiers—be and they are hereby directed to report by bill on to-morrow morning, at 10 and a half o'clock.

Mr. J. R. THOMAS offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That during the remainder of this session this House will meet at 10 o'clock, A. M., each day.

Mr. J. F. BELL offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the speaker of this House, be respectfully asked to act as member of the committee of Banks.

LEAVES.

Leave was given to bring in the following bills, which were appropriately referred:

Mr. ALF. ALLEN—Making change in the charter of the Breckinridge Coal and Oil company.

Mr. WILSON—Benefit of common school district No. 12, in Pendleton county.

Mr. BIRCHETT—Benefit of the Paducah Chephra Eshuren burial society.

Mr. JOHNS—Benefit of John Hallison, sheriff of Lawrence county.

Mr. LAUCK—To prevent rebels expatriated from other States, coming with their families to this State, to live.

Mr. WOOD—Benefit of several school districts in Hart county.

JOINT ORDER.

The election of two Managers to the Eastern Lunatic Asylum.

Mr. SPURR nominated Messrs. M. C. JOHNSON and D. A. SAYRE.

The vote being taken they were unanimously elected.

REPORT.

Mr. ALF. ALLEN—An act to establish a claim agency for Kentucky, in the city of Washington: ordered to be printed.

REPORTS RESUMED.

Mr. R. J. BROWNE—Judiciary—Concerning the jails of the Commonwealth: passed.

Mr. SANDIDGE—Ways and Means—Benefit of the securities of Jno. B. Star, late clerk of the Washington circuit court: passed.

SPECIAL ORDER.

The report from the committee on Federal Relations, postponed until next Tuesday at 12 o'clock.

REPORTS RESUMED.

Mr. SANDIDGE—Ways and Means—Senate bill, benefit of the securities of Jno. D. Picken, deceased, late sheriff of Clinton county: passed.

Same—Senate bill, benefit of J. J. Wood, late sheriff of Clinton county, and his sureties: passed.

Mr. DeHAVEN—same committee—To further define the duties of the agent of the Auditor, &c.: passed.

Same—Benefit of R. C. Hudson, late sheriff of Oldham county: passed.

Same—Benefit of F. A. Smith, late sheriff of Hart county: passed yeas 75; nays 5.

Same—Benefit of the sheriff of Meade county: passed.

Same—Benefit of the Eastern and Western Lunatic Asylum: passed—yeas 76; nays 11.

Same—Senate bill, benefit of the sheriff of Lyon county: passed.

Same—Senate bill, benefit of Thomas Conway, late sheriff of Union county: passed.

Same—Senate bill, benefit of James Woods, and T. W. Samuels, late sheriff of Nelson county: passed.

Same—Senate bill, benefit of Jno. J. Miller, late sheriff of Boone county: passed.

Same—Senate bill, benefit of Stephen Howard, late sheriff of Magoffin county: passed.

Same—Senate bill, benefit of Jas. H. Reynolds, late sheriff of Adair county: passed.

Same—Senate bill, an act to amend the revenue laws: passed.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Was granted Messrs. J. F. BELL, A. S. ALLAN, McCREW, and PEPPER.

And then the House adjourned.

The following telegram was from Chattanooga, under date of February 1:

To-day's despatches locate Joe Johnson's last army en route for Mobile, evidently expecting an attack on Montgomery, Selma, and Mobile, and preparing to cover those points. Gen. Stevenson is in command of the forces at Dalton, numbering from ten to twelve thousand. Bragg is in retirement at Montgomery. Buckner, chief of cavalry with Morgan, is organizing a heavy force at Marietta for a raid. Harder recently married much jubilation at Dalton and Rome. The rebel conscription order now embraces all between the ages of 15 and 65. A draft took place at Catonsville Sound to-day.

Since the battle of Missionary Ridge, over 9,000 deserters have come into the lines of this army. A company of the 4th Ohio cavalry, from Knoxville, brought in 130 more to night.

A printer never ought to back out from an "affair of honor," because he is skilled in the use of shooting-sticks.

North Carolina is moving on steadily in the path which leads to her return to her duty and allegiance. Her newspapers are earnest in their tone and words. They declare that the State went into the war upon the principle that State sovereignty involved the right to peaceably withdraw from a confederation; and that, as the war has been unsuccessful in maintaining that principle, as also in protecting the institution of negro slavery, therefore North Carolina claims the fulfillment of the compact with the "Southern Confederacy"—the right to depart from the Confederacy in peace.

COURT OF APPEALS.

TUESDAY, Feb. 2, 1864.

CAUSES DECIDED.

Commonwealth v. Harrison, Davies; affirmed. Tinsley v. Watkins, Knox; affirmed. Smith v. Smith, Rockcastle; affirmed.

ORDERS.

Hutti v. Fillion, Lou. Chy.; petition for rehearing filed.

Commonwealth v. Turner, bond for costs; executed.

Forster et al. v. Grigley et al, Clarke; argued by Scott for appellees, and argument concluded by Egiton for appellants.

DR. JOHN BULL'S

COMPOUND

CEDRON BITTERS.

The Latest and Most Important Discovery of the 19th Century.

NO MAN'S name is more intimately connected with the history of the Materia Medica as a pioneer in Medical discovery, than that of Dr. JOHN BULL, of Louisville, Ky. His inimitable preparation of Sarsaparilla, has long stood at the head of the various compounds of that valuable drug. His Compound Sarsaparilla, or Wild Cherry, has become a household word throughout the West and South; and his Worm Lozenges, in less than a year after their introduction attained a reputation as wide spread as the continent of North America. But the crowning glory of his life remains to be obtained in his latest discovery, or rather combination, for he does not claim to have been the discoverer of CEDRON, which is the basis of the bitters now offered to the public. That honor belongs to the native inhabitants of Central America, to whom its virtues have been known for more than two hundred years. Armed with it the Indian bids defiance to the most deadly malaria, and handles, without fear, the most venomous serpents. It is a belief with them that while there is breath left in the body, the Cedron is potent to cure, no matter what the disease may be.

While Dr. Bull is not prepared to endorse this extravagant pretension, he is, nevertheless satisfied from a thorough examination of the evidence relating to its virtues, that as a remedy and preventive for all diseases arising from exposure, either to changes of weather and climate, or to the malarial influences, it stands without a rival, and justly deserves the reputation it has so long enjoyed in Central America and the West Indies.

It is a fact that this wonderful plant may be found in the 11th edition of the U. S. Dispensatory, pages 1387 and 1388.

A series of experiments in which Dr. Bull has been for years engaged, has just been brought to a successful termination, and he is now enabled to offer to the public a combination of Cedron with other approved tonics, the whole prepared in the best quality of copper distilled Bourbon whisky, which he is confident has no equal in the world.

He might furnish a volume of certificates, but the public have long since learned to estimate such things at their true value. The safest plan is, for every one to test for himself the virtues of a new medicine. Give them.

It is not necessary to publish a long list of diseases for which the Cedron Bitters are a specific. In all diseases of the STOMACH, BOWELS, LIVER, OR KIDNEYS;

In all affections of the BRAIN, DEPENDING UPON DISORDER OF THE STOMACH OR BOWELS;

In GOUT, RHEUMATISM AND NEURALGIA;

And in FEVER AND AGUE; it is destined to supersede all other remedies. It not only cures these diseases, but it PREVENTS them.

A wine glass full of the Bitters taken an hour before each meal, will obviate the ill effects of the most unhealthy climate, and screen the person taking it against disease under the most trying exposure.

Sold by Druggists and Grocers generally. DR. JOHN BULL'S Principal Office, Fifth street, Louisville, Ky.

Jan. 1, 1864—6m.

KENTUCKY PENITENTIARY.

FROM this date CASH will be required at the gate, before the article is delivered, for every species of work done at this institution.

Jan. 6, 1864—1f.

H. I. TODD.

Those who are indebted to the estate of Dr. John G. Price, deceased, by note or account, are hereby notified to come forward and pay up by the TENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1864, or their notes and accounts will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.

January 16, 1864.

E. E. COLLINS Administrator.

GREENWOOD FEMALE SEMINARY, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

Mrs. MARY TRAYNE RUSYAN, Principal.

The Thirty-first semi-annual Session of this School will commence on Monday, January 25th, 1864.

EXPENSES PER SESSION: Board, including washing, fuel, and lights \$90 00 Tuition in primary branches..... 10 00 Tuition in common English branches..... 15 00 Tuition in higher English branches..... 20 00 Music, Drawing, Painting, etc., at the usual prices.

No deduction made for voluntary absence. For further information address the Principal. Jan. 11, 1864—2m.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF A SPLENDID SCOTT COUNTY FARM, Negroes, Stock, &c.

By virtue of a judgment of the Scott Circuit Court, rendered at the May term, 1863, in the case of Belenap vs. Junius R. Ward &c., I, as Commissioner of said Court, sell by public sale to the highest bidder, on the premises, on Thursday, February 18, 1864, the farm on which Mr. Ward resides, situated in the county of Scott, one mile and a half from Georgetown on the turnpike road to Frankfort, containing

520 ACRES Of first-rate land. This is one of the finest bodies of land in Kentucky, and is in the highest state of cultivation. It is well watered and well timbered for all purposes.

The improvements are of the finest and most costly character, with one of the finest Dwelling Houses in Kentucky, together with every other building necessary for convenience and comfort. Taking this farm altogether, location, soil, improvements, it is not surpassed, if equalled, by any farm in Kentucky.

I will also sell at the same time a number of LIKELY NEGROES, consisting of Men, Women, &c. Also, all the

PERSONAL PROPERTY on the place, consisting of Stock of all kinds, viz: 10 Bays and 20 Whites, which are blooded. A lot of two year old Yearlings, and Suckling Colts, by the celebrated Northern Trotting Stallion, Flying Cloud.

4 Male Colts. 15 Head of Cattle. 12 Calves. 7 fine Southdown Sheep, &c.

House and Kitchen Furniture of the finest description, and various other articles not necessary to enumerate.

TERMS OF SALE.—For the land, one third will be required in hand; the balance in one and two years equal payments.

For the slaves and personal property a credit of six months for all sums over \$50—that sum and under cash.

Notes with good security must be given in all cases, both for land and personal property, bearing interest from day of sale, and having the force and effect of judgments. But the purchaser shall have the privilege in all cases to pay all or any portion of the purchase money, in excess of the payments required, at the time of sale and stop interest on the amount paid.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M. PAUL R. RANKIN, Commissioner.

Dec. 29, 1863—td. [Ch. Obs. & Rep.]

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

Franklin Circuit Court. T. N. Lindsey, Trustee of E. W. Morgan, Plt., vs. E. W. Morgan's Creditors, &c., Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that I will hear proof of claims at my office, in the city of Frankfort, from this day until the 10th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1864. Creditors who fail to present their

THE COMMONWEALTH. FRANKFORT.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1864

The Governor's Mansion will be open for the reception of visitors every Monday evening during the session of the Legislature, from 8 to 11 o'clock.

The committee on Claims is now preparing the general appropriation bill. All persons having claims against the State, will present them to that committee immediately.

R. J. BROWNE,
Chairman of Committee on Claims.
Feb. 2, 1864.

The committee of Propositions and Grievances will meet at 3 o'clock every day during the balance of the session in the Hall of the House of Representatives. Members of said committee will please take notice, and attend promptly.

JOHN S. McFARLAND, Cln.

Session Extended.—On yesterday the Senate adopted the House resolution extending the session beyond the constitutional limit of sixty days. There is no time fixed for adjournment; but it is in the power of the majority to order a recess at any time, and fix a day for the re-assembly of the Legislature. We presume an adjournment over to next fall or winter will be ordered, so soon as the Legislature close up their important business.

The Senate yesterday also concurred in the resolution of the House rescinding the joint order for the election of United States Senator. So there will be no Senator elected this winter.

Rumors of rebel-raids into Kentucky are rife. The bands are generally represented as small. Nothing else should be expected. The men engaged are not, however, members of any large organized body of rebels. They are those who have been permitted to come into the Federal lines, as deserters and refugees from the rebels, take the oath, and scatter over the State. They are doubtless, thus sent into the State, because no organized force, as such, can come in. But thousands can come, as deserters and refugees; and whilst spying out the land, and waiting for the signal that shall rally them to some rebel chief, are robbing and murdering on their own account, to keep their hand in.

It is stated that Trinity School, a well-known Protestant Episcopal educational institution in New York, has, through the fortunate termination of a law suit, come into the possession of property, real estate and funded, to the value of \$3,000,000. The suit has been a long contested one, extending through a period of some thirty years.

Twenty-second Kentucky.—The Louisville Democrat states that it has information that the Twenty-second Kentucky Infantry has re-enlisted as Cavalry; and that they will be home in a few days.

Should this information prove correct, it is to be hoped that Frankfort will give the gallant boys of this noble regiment, a reception worthy of her loyal hospitality. The Twenty-second is peculiarly a Frankfort regiment, and her soldier-citizens—officers and men—have on many fields of blood and carnage proved their love of the Union—some even with their lifeblood. When they return home, show them you appreciate their services, their valor, and their devoted patriotism.

All honor to the 4th Kentucky cavalry for re-enlisting as veterans. A number of the officers of this heroic regiment are now visiting this city and enjoying the hospitality, for which its citizens are justly celebrated, during their brief respite from the arduous duties of camp life, and amongst them is Adjutant A. D. Hynes, who, with a few men, so gallantly fought a part of Morgan's command at Bardonia, last July. A. D. H. is a true soldier, courteous gentleman and a clever fellow. We trust speedy promotion awaits him. "We are very glad to see you," Adjutant Hynes.

The Court of Inquiry to investigate the conduct of Gens. Crittenden, McCook, and Negley, and the issue between Gens. Rosecrans and Wood, after assembling at Nashville, adjourned to Louisville and is now in session at that city.

Butler and the Negroes.—General Butler notwithstanding he is so maliciously abused by the rebels, is more entitled to their thanks than most of the other commanders in their States for the services he has rendered them. He has recently issued a general order, in which he forbids negroes who leave their masters and come into his lines from bringing anything more than personal effects which belong to them, or such property as the officer commanding may order. He also dismissed a Colonel of one of the regiments for impressing negroes contrary to their free will.

The dinner given to Gen. Grant, at St. Louis, on the night of the 29th ult., appears to have been a brilliant affair. Major Generals Rosecrans and Schofield, Brigadier Generals Osterhaus, McNeil, Brown, Totten, Grey, and Fiske, a large number of Colonels and officers of lower rank, and some two hundred and fifty civilians were present. Speeches were made by most of the Generals present and a number of citizens, but Grant declined to extend his remarks beyond a mere return of thanks for the honor conferred.

Remarks of Hon. Brutus J. Clay,

January 25, 1864, on the occasion of a discussion between Hon. G. C. Smith, Hon. Robert Mallory, and Hon. Wm. H. Wadsworth, in which the two latter gentlemen had arraigned Mr. Smith for voting for Mr. Colfax, and acting with the Union Republican party. Mr. Clay, the Representative from this district, understanding some of the remarks of Mr. Mallory to refer to him, felt it his duty to take part in the discussion. We regret that we have not room at this time to publish the debate as it occurred; but will do so hereafter, should we obtain a copy of the official report:

Mr. Clay.—Mr. Chairman, I hope I will be pardoned for saying one word before this discussion is permitted to close. It would seem from what has been said by my colleague [Mr. Mallory], that all the members from Kentucky who voted for the present Speaker [Mr. Colfax] were recalcitrant to their State and their duty. I wish to understand these gentlemen, and whether they intended to include in their remarks every gentleman upon this floor from Kentucky who had the independence to vote for Mr. Colfax for Speaker? I ask the question for the reason that I have been denounced by the Louisville Journal and other papers in Kentucky with violating my pledges upon that subject. Standing here and listening to this debate and to the insinuations thrown out by those gentlemen, I desire to know whether I am included in their remarks, and am charged by them with violating my pledges? I am, I want them to say so.

Mr. Mallory.—I have not, in the most remote way, directly or indirectly, alluded to the gentleman. In replying to my colleague [Mr. Smith], I replied to his sentiments and I repudiated them, and I read from his speech in which he pledged himself to vote for a war Democrat for Speaker; and then I showed that he voted for Mr. Colfax. I do not know what the views of my colleague [Mr. Clay] are; whether he approves the proclamation of emancipation or not. I do not know anything about it, because he has said nothing. Therefore I beg he will not suppose I had any allusion in the world to him.

Mr. Clay.—I am very glad to hear the gentleman's candid explanation upon that point. But, as I am upon the floor, I wish to make an observation or two, so that I may stand fair before my constituents and the world. This very question as to whom I would vote for as Speaker of the House of Representatives was put to me on every occasion in my State, and I replied emphatically that I would make no pledges; that I would not pledge myself to vote for a Democrat or a Republican; that I intended to do what I thought right and proper under all the circumstances when I got here. I did not know the opinions of these gentlemen, and I thought I would be doing injustice to myself and to my constituents by making any such pledges. Indeed, I pledged myself that I would not make any pledge, and therefore I told them I wished it distinctly understood that I made no pledges upon the subject. Some of my constituents who never heard me speak have denounced me as violating my pledges—pledges which I never made—and that denunciation has been followed up here to some extent.

Mr. Mallory.—I will ask my colleague—Mr. Clay, I have heard that he said so—whether he did not, in the city of Frankfort, which is in his district, pledge himself during his canvass that he would not vote for a Republican unless he saw from actions here that something like an indefinite postponement of the organization of the House would be the result of his not doing so, but that in the event, and that event only, he would do so?

Mr. Clay.—I made no such pledge whatever. More than that, I stated I would not make any pledge. I stated it everywhere; and I felt at liberty here to canvass every claim and to vote for the best candidate, as I thought the interest of the country required. I have no concealment to make in regard to my views. I have never attached myself to one side or the other. I am independent; I mean to vote for measures as they come up according as it seems to me best and for the interest of my country, disregarding all party ties and party feelings, for I cannot say that I cordially agree with either side of the House.

I must say so far as the Democratic party is concerned, my prejudices are rather against them. I had always been against the Democrats; and the leading Democrats of my State have mostly turned out to be rebels, and a majority of them are now in rebel arms. I mean the Democratic politicians of my State. Such being the case, my prejudices were rather against them; but I did not know what they would be elsewhere, and I reserved my right to determine the matter when I reached here.

Mr. Wadsworth.—In what I said there was no allusion to the gentleman, because I understood him to stand upon the State platform, and to still stand upon it. I would inquire of the gentleman if I am correct in that understanding.

Mr. Clay.—I voted for the platform in the Legislature and in the convention, and intend to be governed in my judgment by the State platform as laid down, as far as it is applicable to the times. I have made no repudiation of it, and I have given no vote which will not justify me in standing upon it. But these gentlemen seemed to arraign my colleagues as violating their pledges, because they voted for the present Speaker. The papers in my State take that ground, and these gentlemen seemed to follow in the same direction, and wanted to know whether they meant me or not.

I take the opportunity to explain myself now that I may not be misunderstood upon this subject. I do not intend to create any ill-feeling between my colleagues and myself. I desire to have the friendliest relations with all of them. Yet, gentlemen, I intend to act here for myself, not to be governed by anybody, to exercise my best judgment on all these questions, and to go home and face my constituents like an honest man, and tell them that I have done my duty according to the dictates of my own judgment.

I have made these remarks because this subject sprung up incidentally here. I should not have alluded to what has been said in the newspapers if it had not been for the course of my colleagues this evening. I intended to have passed it by; but as the question has come up here, I wished the House and the country to know my position, that there may not be any mistake about it.

The military yesterday were gathering up horses to mount soldiers, to send after the guerrillas. May the boys make a successful campaign.

OFFICIAL.

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES, Passed at the First Session of the Thirty-eighth Congress.

[PUBLIC—No. 6.]
AN ACT relating to the admission of patients to the Hospitals for the Insane in the District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be authorized, in his discretion, during the existence of the present war, to admit into the Government Hospital for the Insane such transient insane persons as may be found in the District of Columbia without the means of self-support, to be there detained until they can be sent to their friends or proper places of residence, under the direction of the said Secretary of the Interior; whose duty it shall be to provide therefor; the steps preliminary to their admission to be the same, except as to the affidavit of residence at the time they became insane, as are required in the case of indigent persons who became insane while residing in the District.

Approved, January 28, 1864.

[PUBLIC—No. 7.]
AN ACT making appropriations for the payment of invalid and other pensions of the United States for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-five.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be and the same are hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the payment of pensions for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-five: For invalid pensions under various acts, one million dollars.

For pensions to widows, mothers, children, and sisters, under the first section of the act of fourth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-six; act of July twenty-first, eighteen hundred and forty-eight; first section of the act of February third, eighteen hundred and fifty-eight; and July fourteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, two million two hundred thousand dollars.

Approved, January 29, 1864.

[PUBLIC RESOLUTION—No. 7.]
A RESOLUTION expressive of the thanks of Congress to Major General Nathaniel P. Banks and the officers and soldiers under his command at Port Hudson.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the thanks of Congress are hereby tendered to Major General Nathaniel P. Banks and the officers and soldiers under his command for the skill, courage, and endurance which compelled the surrender of Port Hudson, and thus removed the last obstruction to the free navigation of the Mississippi river.

Approved, January 28, 1864.

[PUBLIC RESOLUTION—No. 8.]
A RESOLUTION of thanks to Major General Ambrose E. Burnside and the officers and men who fought under his command.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the thanks of Congress be and they hereby are presented to Major General Ambrose E. Burnside, and through him to the officers and men who have fought under his command for their gallantry, good conduct, and soldier like endurance.

Sec. 2. And be it further resolved, That the President of the United States be requested to cause the foregoing resolution to be communicated to Major General Burnside in such terms as he may deem best calculated to give effect thereto.

Approved, January 28, 1864.

[PUBLIC RESOLUTION—No. 9.]
A RESOLUTION expressive of the thanks of Congress to Major General Joseph Hooker, Major General George G. Meade, Major General Oliver O. Howard, and the officers and soldiers of the Army of the Potomac.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the gratitude of the American people and the thanks of their Representatives in Congress are due, and are hereby tendered, to Major General Joseph Hooker and the officers and soldiers of the Army of the Potomac, for the skill, energy, and endurance which first covered Washington and Baltimore from the meditated blow of the advancing and powerful army of rebels led by General Robert E. Lee; and to Major General George G. Meade, Major General Oliver O. Howard, and the officers and soldiers of that army, for the skill and heroic valor which at Gettysburg repulsed, defeated, and drove back, broken and dispirited, beyond the Rappahannock, the veteran army of the rebellion.

Approved, January 23, 1864.

[PUBLIC RESOLUTION—No. 10.]
A RESOLUTION presenting the thanks of Congress to Cornelius Vanderbilt for a gift of the steamship Vanderbilt.

Whereas Cornelius Vanderbilt, of New York, did, during the spring of eighteen hundred and sixty-two, make a free gift to his impoverished country of his new and staunch steamship "Vanderbilt," of five thousand tons burthen, built by him with the greatest care, of the best material, at a cost of eight hundred thousand dollars, which steamship has ever since been actively employed in the service of the Republic against the rebel devastations of her commerce; and whereas the said Cornelius Vanderbilt has in no manner sought any reward or recognition for this gift; which medal shall be given to Cornelius Vanderbilt, a copy of it being made and deposited for preservation in the library of Congress.

Approved, January 23, 1864.

[PUBLIC RESOLUTION—No. 11.]
A RESOLUTION presenting the thanks of Congress to Cornelius Vanderbilt for a gift of the steamship Vanderbilt.

Whereas Cornelius Vanderbilt, of New York, did, during the spring of eighteen hundred and sixty-two, make a free gift to his impoverished country of his new and staunch steamship "Vanderbilt," of five thousand tons burthen, built by him with the greatest care, of the best material, at a cost of eight hundred thousand dollars, which steamship has ever since been actively employed in the service of the Republic against the rebel devastations of her commerce; and whereas the said Cornelius Vanderbilt has in no manner sought any reward or recognition for this gift; which medal shall be given to Cornelius Vanderbilt, a copy of it being made and deposited for preservation in the library of Congress.

Sec. 2. And be it further resolved, That the President of the United States be requested to cause a gold medal to be struck, which shall fitly embody an attestation of the nation's gratitude for this gift; which medal shall be forwarded to Cornelius Vanderbilt, a copy of it being made and deposited for preservation in the library of Congress.

Approved, January 23, 1864.

The Pons Comet of 1810, which has been for some time attracting the attention of Astronomers, has made about its nearest approach to the earth, and probably is now visible, in the northeast, about 7 o'clock, P. M., to the eye; an opera-glass of moderate power will certainly show it.

Owen county has again been the theatre of attempted murder of Union men, by rebel scoundrels. Last week, the gang who recently broke open the jail of Owen, and released one of Morgan's band of horse thieves, way laid and attempted to murder Mr. George Simpson, and two men who were with him. Under the protection of Providence the men escaped.

The guerrillas infesting Owen, Grant and adjoining counties—in all probability returned rebel soldiers who have taken the oath of allegiance—have had sway long enough; and we believe that our indefatigable Inspector General, by the direction of Governor Bramlette, will at once take steps to put a stop to their depredations. As fast as caught, we earnestly hope a drum-head court martial will set upon their cases, and give them each and all "a quick shrill and a short rope."

Cyrenius Wait, Esq. of Somerset, is urged by many persons of the district, to become a candidate for the State Senate, vice Judge Buster, deceased. Mr. Wait, is a good man; he has served in the Legislature, and no man was more faithful to his constituents and the best interests of the State.

DIED.

At the residence of her husband, on the 2d inst., Mrs. M. A. SHINDLEBOWER, of this city.

Debtors to T. S. Page, Surviving Partner of G. G. Graham and T. S. Page.

ARE notified, unless they at once come forward and arrange their indebtedness, an officer must take charge of them for collection. The Graham claims are in the hands of J. C. Coleman for collection.

A. W. DUDLEY,
Assignee and Trustee of T. S. Page.

Jan. 6, 1864—4w.

Extension of Bounties.

HEAD-QUARTERS PROVOST-MARSHAL,
LEXINGTON, JANUARY 20, 1864.

The time for paying bounties of three hundred dollars (\$300) for New Recruits and four hundred dollars (\$400) for Veteran Recruits, has been extended to MARCH 1ST, 1864.

THOS. H. MOORE,
Capt. and Prov. Mar. 10th Dis. Ky.

Feb. 1, 1864—1m.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF OWEN COUNTY LAND.

PURSUANT to a judgment of the Owen Circuit Court, rendered at the last November term, in the suit at equity therein pending, in which E. Hutchings and others are plaintiffs, and Geo. Armstrong and others are defendants, I will offer for sale, to the highest bidder, at the Court House door, in Owen county, ON MONDAY THE 15th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1864, that being county court day for Owen county, Kentucky, a tract of land in said county, and on the waters of Mad Lick and Indian Creeks,

CONTAINING 1,576 ACRES,

Being the same land on which defendant Armstrong resides, or lately resided, and embracing a steam saw mill, built by him. It adjoins the lands of Alvin Mitchell, W. H. Lawrence, Thacker's heirs, Murrells, Ellis, and the land known as "Bullitt's Claim."

TERMS.—Sale to be on credits of six, twelve, and eighteen months; purchaser to execute bond, with sufficient security for the price, bearing interest from day of sale, and having the force and effect of a regular bond.

W. S. LUM,
Master Commissioner.

THE ASSEMBLY HOPS!

THE last Grand Hop of the series of ASSEMBLY HOPS for the season will take place at Capital Hotel on THURSDAY EVENING, 4th FEBRUARY, 1864, at eight o'clock. Gentlemen's admission card..... \$1

W. T. SAMUELL,
BUCK KEEVON,
D. R. WAGENER,
C. BAILEY,
A. CONERY,

Evening Committee

Duncan's admirable Quadrille Band will furnish the music.

February 1, 1864—td.

NOTICE.

Under the firm of HEMING & QUIN is this day, by mutual consent dissolved. All accounts with said firm must be settled immediately.

Apply to either party.

HEMING & QUIN.

Frankfort, Feb. 1, 1864—2m.

WHEELER & WILSON, SEWING MACHINES.

ON Monday, Feb. 1st, we will open an office for the sale of WHEELER & WILSON SEWING MACHINES.

We will also be prepared to repair old machines. P. C. Wagoner in the office, No. 5, Higgins' Block, Main street, Lexington, Ky.

WM. SUMNER & CO., Agents.

Lexington, Feb. 1, 1864—3t. [Ch. Obs. & Rep.]

LAW SCHOOL OF HARVARD COLLEGE.

1864.

TWO Terms, of nineteen weeks each, commencing MARCH 7th, and SEPTEMBER 5th.

For Catalogue and Circular address JOEL PARKER, Royal Professor, Cambridge, Mass., Jan. 23, 1864—3t.

\$10 Reward.—Strayed or Stolen.

FROM the undersigned in Frankfort, on Saturday, the 16th inst., about 3 o'clock, P. M., A BAY MARE, about 15 hands high, has a sleepy look out of her eyes, heavy set, about 8 years old, shod all round, paces and trots, and has marks of harness on her. She had on a new yellow saddle with quilted seat, and a curb bit bridle with yellow headstall and black reins. I will give the above reward for her return to me at the Cove Mill, 1½ miles from Frankfort.

January 18, 1864—1w. DANIEL STONE.

NOTICE.

THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE WOODFORD county jail, as a runaway slave, on the 5th day of Dec., 1863, a negro man calling himself SAM DORSEY. He is about 19 years old, black color, about 5 feet 10 inches high. Says he belongs to John Carroll, of Baltimore.

The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or he will be dealt with as the law requires.

LEE ATWELL, J. W. C.

Jan. 22, 1864—1m.

NOTICE.

THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE WOODFORD county jail, as a runaway slave, on the 5th day of Dec., 1863, a negro man calling himself CLAGGET. He is about 20 years of age, dark copper color, 5 feet 8 inches high. Says he belongs to Henry Druett, of Washington, Maryland.

The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or he will be dealt with as the law requires.

LEE ATWELL, J. W. C.

Jan. 22, 1864—1m.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 16, 1863.
On the 22d of July last I submitted through an agent of mine, to the Medical Director of the Department of the Cumberland a sample of my Cedron Bitters for his inspection, and requested if, after analysis he found it meritorious, to sanction and approve its use among our soldiers.

The following is the Medical Director's reply, and also Gen. Rosecrans' permission to ship 300 dozen at once to have it sold to Soldiers.

JOHN BULL.
"I am satisfied that Cedron Bitters will do no harm to any one, if taken properly and in moderation. I see no objection to Dr. Bull's being permitted to dispose of it to Soldiers."

"A. HENRY THURSTON,
"Surgeon and Medical Director, D. C."

"HEAD-QUARTERS DEPT. OF THE CUM'D,
"NASHVILLE, Tenn., July 24, 1863."

"Dr. John Bull's agent, Mr. —, has permission to ship to Nashville, Tenn., twenty-five gross (or 300 dozen) of Bull's Cedron Bitters, for sale to Soldiers in the army only."

"The regulations of the Treasury Department are to be complied with strictly."

"By command of Maj. Gen. Rosecrans.
"WM. M. MILES,
"Major and Provost Marshal General."

Special Permit.
U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE,
NASHVILLE, TENN., Aug. 12, 1863.

Dr. John Bull's agent, Mr. —, has permission to transport to the front, via railroad or pike, within the Federal lines, for the use of the army, (140) one hundred and forty boxes of Bull's Cedron Bitters.

J. R. DILLIN,
Per WILL S. HALL,
Surveyor of Customs.

A VOICE FROM VICKSBURG.

"Vicksburg, Miss., Aug. 9, 1863.

"Dr. John Bull!
"Dear Sir—I am happy to state you that I have used your valuable Cedron Bitters, with great benefit to myself, in general debility and prostration of my system, produced by the unhealthy and miasmatic influences of the Mississippi River and around Vicksburg, having been given Gen. Grant's army throughout its whole southern campaign. I confidently recommend its use to all persons who are exposed in unhealthy climates."

H. W. FOGLE,
"Agent U. S. Sanitary Commission."

January 1, 1864—6m.

If you want good OLD GUNPOWDER GREEN TEA, go to Gray & Saffell's. We have tried it, and pronounce it extra fine.

December 25, 1863—tf.

If you want any DRY GOODS, go to Gray & Saffell's. They have just received a large lot and are receiving every day. Best American prints 20 cents per yard. Extra Heavy Brown Sheetings 40 cents per yard. Everything also in proportion.

December 25, 1863—tf.

Go to Gray & Saffell's and buy your SHOES, LADIES' CHILDREN'S and NEGRO WOMEN'S SHOES, at cost, for a few days.

December 25, 1863—tf.

MATCALFE'S REPORT—volumes 1, 2 and 3—for sale at S. C. Bull's Book store.

SAPONIIFIER,
OR CONCENTRATED LYE

FAMILY SOAP MAKER

MAKES HIGH PRICES SAPONIFIER

helps to reduce them. It makes Soap for four cents a pound by using your kitchen grease.

CAUTION! As spurious Lyes are offered also, be careful and only buy the Patented article put up in Iron cans, all others being Counterfeits.

PENNSYLVANIA SALT MANUF'G CO.

Philadelphia—No. 127, Walnut Street.

Pittsburg—Pitt Street and Duquesne Way.

Nov. 18, 1863—3m.

Stray Notice.

FRANKLIN COUNTY, SCOT.

TAKEN up as a stray, by James Glore, living about three miles northwest of Frankfort, on the waters of North Benson, ONE STEER, three years old next Spring, black on the sides, with white face, belly and back, both hind legs white as high as the knees, no other brands or marks perceivable. Appraised to ten dollars by Elijah Glore, a housekeeper of Franklin county, before the undersigned, a trustee of the peace for said county, this 21st day of January, 1864.

G. W. GWIN, J. P. F. C.

Jan. 23, 1864—3ttw&3tw*

H. W. PITKIN, W. L. P. WIARD, S. W. POPE.

PITKIN, WIARD & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

SEEDS,

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

MACHINES, TREES, PLANTS,

HYDRAULIC CEMENT, LIME, PLASTER.

311 MAIN STREET,

LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

We have always in store a large stock of

CLOVER,

TIMOTHY,

BLUE GRASS,

ORCHARD GRASS, AND

OTHER KINDS OF SEEDS.

Our stock of IMPLEMENTS embraces nearly everything used by the planter. We have been engaged in the SEED BUSINESS in Louisville for ten years, and believe that we fully understand the wants of the public.

Our ANNUAL ALMANAC and CATALOGUE OF SEEDS and IMPLEMENTS will be forwarded promptly on application.

PITKIN, WIARD & CO.

By Mr. WM. A. GAINES is our authorized Agent in Frankfort, and will keep a complete assortment of our Garden and Flower Seeds on hand. He will also take orders for all kinds of Implements wanted, at Louisville prices, with freight added.

January 11, 1864—2m.

Proclamation of the Governor.

\$250 REWARD.

STATEMENT

OF THE CONDITION OF THE

ETNA INSURANCE COMPANY.

On the 1st day of July, A. D. 1863, made to the Auditor of the State of Kentucky, in compliance with an act entitled, "An act to regulate the Agency of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved 3d March, 1855.

The name of the corporation is ETNA INSURANCE COMPANY, and is located at Hartford, Connecticut.

The capital is FIFTY HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS, and is paid up.

ASSETS.

Real Estate unencumbered, \$87,963 15

Cash and Bonds and Bank Balances, \$8,990 92

Cash in the hands of Agents and in transit, 111,968 05

Hartford, P. & F. Railroad, Mortgage Bonds, 7 per cent., \$44,000

Cleveland & P. & F. Railroad, Mortgage Bonds, 7 per cent., 3,500

N. Y. Central Railroad, (Convert.) Mortgage Bonds, 7 per cent., 10,000

Cleveland & P. & F. Railroad, (S. F.) Mortgage Bonds, 7 per cent., 25,000

Michigan, S. & N. I. R. R., (7th Mort.) Mortgage Bonds, 7 per cent., 25,000

Michigan, S. & N. I. R. R., (2d Mort.) Mortgage Bonds, 7 per cent., 25,000

P. F. W. & C. Railroad, (2d Mort.) Mortgage Bonds, 7 per cent., 25,000

Atlantic Dock Co., Mortgage Bonds, 7 per cent., 20,000

Hartford & N. H. R. R. Co., Mortgage Bonds, 6 per cent., 38,000

N. Y. Central Railroad Co., Mortgage Bonds, 6 per cent., 30,000

N. J. R. R. & N. Y. C. Co., Mortgage Bonds, 6 per cent., 19,000

Conn. River Railroad Co., Mortgage Bonds, 6 per cent., 10,000

Little Miami Railroad Co., Mortgage Bonds, 6 per cent., 3,000

Michigan Central R. R. Co., Mortgage Bonds, 8 per cent., 10,000

Rochester City Bonds, 7 per cent., 25,000

Brooklyn City Bonds, (Water,) 6 per cent., 25,000

New York City Bonds, 6 per cent., 75,000

Hartford City Bonds, 6 per cent., 38,000

Hartford City Scrip, 6 per cent., 26,000

Town of Hartford Bonds, (1853 & 1855,) 6 per cent., 60,000

Jersey City Water Bonds, 6 per cent., 25,000

United States Coupon Bonds 1874, 5 per cent., 205,000

United States Coupon Bonds 1881, 6 per cent., 125,000

United States 5-20s, 3 per cent., 100,000

U. S. Treasury Notes, (August,) 7 3/8 per cent., 57,300

Ky. State Stock, 6 per cent., 10,000

N. Y. State Stock, 6 per cent., 31,000

N. J. State Stock, 6 per cent., 15,000

Connecticut State Stock, 6 per cent., 20,000

Ohio State Stock, 6 per cent., 100,000

Michigan State Stock, 6 per cent., 25,000

Indiana State Stock, 2 1/2 per cent., 76,000

Temporary loan to the State of Connecticut, with accrued interest, 101,530 70

Atlantic Mutual Insurance Co., Scrip, 1862-1863, 18,600

50 Shares Hartford and N. Haven R. R. Co. Stock, 50,000

250 Shares Conn. River R. Co. Stock, 25,000

107 Shares Boston and Worcester R. R. Co. Stock, 10,700

50 Shares Conn. R. R. Co. Stock, 5,000

50 Shares Citizens' Bk's S'tk., Waterbury, Conn., 5,000

50 Shares Stafford Bk's S'tk., Stafford Springs, Conn., 5,000

86 Shares Eagle Bk's S'tk., Providence, R. I., 1,800

200 Shares Revere Bk's S'tk., Boston, Mass., 20,000

100 Shares Safe Fund Bk's S'tk., Boston, Mass., 10,000

200 Shares Bk of the State Mo. S'tk., St. Louis, Mo., 20,000

100 Shares Merchants Bank Stock, St. Louis, Mo., 10,000

200 Shares Mechanics Bank Stock, St. Louis, Mo., 20,000

400 Shares Farmers and Merchants Bk's S'tk., Phil. Pa., 20,000

40 Shares Etina Bk's S'tk., Hartford, Conn., 14,000

100 Shares Bank of Hartford Co. S'tk., Hartford, Conn., 5,000

200 Shares City Bank Stock, Hartford, Conn., 20,000

100 Shares Charter Oak Bk's S'tk., Hartford, Conn., 10,000

275 Shares Exchange Bank Stock, Hartford, Conn., 13,750

440 Shares Farmers & Merchants Bank S'tk., Hartford, Conn., 44,000

500 Shares Hartford Bk's S'tk., Hartford, Conn., 50,000

100 Shares Merchants & Manufacturers Bk's S'tk., H'd., 10,000

300 Shares Phoenix Bk's S'tk., Hartford, Conn., 30,000

250 Shares State Bk's S'tk., Hartford, Conn., 25,000

150 Shares Conn. Riv. Bk's S'tk., Hartford, Conn., 7,500

400 Shares Am. Ex. Bk's S'tk., N. Y. City, 40,000

80 Shares Bk of Am. S'tk., N. Y. City, 30,000

80 Shares Broadway Bk's S'tk., N. Y. City, 20,000

100 Shares City Bk's S'tk., N. Y. City, 10,000

100 Shares Bank of Com'mer Stock, N. Y. City, 10,000

100 Shares Hanover Bk's S'tk., N. Y. City, 10,000

100 Shares Bk of Commerce Stock, N. Y. City, 10,000

80 Shares Reporters and Traders Bk's S'tk., N. Y. City, 30,000

100 Shares Mercantile Bank Stock, N. Y. City, 10,000

200 Shares Market Bk's S'tk., N. Y. City, 20,000

1200 Shares Mechanics Bk's S'tk., N. Y. City, 30,000

200 Shares Merchants Ex. Bk's S'tk., N. Y. City, 10,000

400 Shares Metropolitan Bk's S'tk., N. Y. City, 40,000

620 Shares Merchants Bank Stock, N. Y. City, 41,000

400 Shares Manhattan Bk's S'tk., N. Y. City, 20,000

20,000

300 Shares Nassau Bk's S'tk., New York City, 30,000	31,800 00
200 Shares North River Bk's S'tk., New York City, 10,000	10,300 00
300 Shares Bank of N. Y. Stock, N. Y. City, 30,000	35,400 00
200 Shares Bk of Am. S'tk., N. Y. City, 20,000	21,600 00
200 Shares Bank of the Republic S'tk., N. Y. City, 20,000	21,600 00
400 Shares Ocean Bk's S'tk., New York City, 20,000	20,000 00
400 Shares Peoples Bk's S'tk., New York City, 10,000	10,000 00
500 Shares Phoenix Bk's S'tk., N. Y. City, 10,000	11,200 00
400 Shares Union Bank S'tk., N. Y. City, 20,000	23,600 00
150 Shares N. Y. L. Ins. and Trust Co. S'tk., N. Y. City, 15,000	31,500 00
100 Shares U. S. Trust Co. Stock, N. Y. City, 10,000	20,000 00
Total assets of Company,...	\$2,952,248 85

LIABILITIES.	
The amount of Liabilities due or not due to banks and other creditors,...	None.
Losses adjusted and not due,...	None.
Losses adjusted and not due,...	\$ 5,628 83
Losses unadjusted, in suspense, or waiting for further proofs,...	137,107 12
All claims against the Company are small, for printing, &c.,	
Total liabilities,...	\$142,735 95

STATE OF CONNECTICUT.

HARTFORD COUNTY,

Thomas A. Alexander, President, and Lucius J. Hendee, Secretary of the ETNA INSURANCE COMPANY, being severally sworn, depose and say, each for himself says, that the foregoing is, a full, true and correct statement of the affairs of the said Company—that the said Insurance Company is the bona fide owner of at least ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS of actual Cash Capital invested in Stocks and Bonds; that the above described investments, nor any part thereof, are made for the benefit of any individual exercising authority in the management of said Company, nor for any other person or persons whatever; and that they are the above described officers of the said Etina Insurance Company.

THOS. A. ALEXANDER, President.

LUCIUS J. HENDEE, Secretary.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, a Justice of the Peace in and for said County of Hartford, State of Connecticut, this 24th day of July, 1863.

HENRY FOWLER, Justice of the Peace.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE, KY., FRANKFORT, July 2, 1863.

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the original on file in this office.

In witness whereof, I have hereto set my hand and affixed my official seal, this day and year above written.

GRANT GREEN, Auditor.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE, FRANKFORT, July 2, 1863.

No. 20, Renewal.

This is to certify, that J. M. Mills, as Agent of the Etina Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., at Frankfort, Franklin county, has filed in this office the statements and exhibits required by the provisions of an act, entitled "An act to regulate Agencies of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved March 3, 1856; and it having been shown to the satisfaction of the undersigned that said Company is possessed of an actual capital of at least one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, as required by said act, the said J. M. Mills, as Agent as aforesaid, is hereby licensed and permitted to take risks and transact business of insurance at his office in Frankfort for the term of one year from the date hereof. But this license may be revoked if it shall be made to appear to the undersigned that since filing of the statements above referred to, the available capital of said Company has been reduced below one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

[L. S.] In testimony whereof, I have set my hand the day and year above written.

GRANT GREEN, Auditor.

By C. BAILEY, Assistant.

The following is a list of licensed Etina agents in Kentucky for the year commencing July 1, 1863:

Jas. W. Armstrong, Augusta, Bracken county.

Wm. Alexander, Brandenburg, Meade.

Philip S. Bush, Covington, Keaton.

M. L. Broadwell, Craythorn, Harrison.

Jas. A. Chappell, Carlisle, Nicholas.

Alex. H. Lathrop, Carrollton, Carroll.

David R. Murray, Cloverport, Breckinridge county.

Alex. S. McGorty, Danville, Boyle.

Stephen Elliot, Elizabethtown, Hardin.

Frederick H. Shuman, Edinboro, Lyon.

John M. Mills, Frankfort, Franklin.

Sam'l Stockwell, Flemingsburg, Fleming.

Noah Spears, Jr., Georgetown, Scott.

Philip H. Hillyer, Henderson, Henderson.

H. A. Phelps, Hopkinsville, Christian.

Stephen Powers, Haverhill, Hancock.

James A. Curry, Harrodsburg, Mercer.

Jas. W. Cochran, Lexington, Fayette.

Abner G. Daniel, Jr., Lancaster, Garrard.

Fred. B. Merimee, Lebanon, Marion.

Wm. Prather, Louisville, Jefferson.

Joseph Broderick, Mayville, Mason.

Wm. Hoffman, Mt. Sterling, Montgomery.

Chas. C. Chinn, New Castle, Lincoln.

John A. Willis, Nicholasville, Jessamine.

Henry Blanton, New Liberty, Owen.

Chas. P. Buchanan, Newport, Campbell.

John O'Brien, Owensboro, Davies.

John Marshall, Paducah, McCracken.

Isaac D. Smith, Richmond, Madison.

Wm. R. Casey, Springfield, Washington.

Thos. M. Davis, Smithland, Livingston.

James L. Caldwell, Shelbyville, Shelby.

Henry T. Harris, Stanford, Lincoln.

Dan'l M. Bowman, Versailles, Woodford.

A. C. Venable, Winchester, Clarke.

H. J. Abbott, Warsaw, Gallatin.

July 20-25.

NOTICE.

THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE JAIL of Harrison county, as a runaway slave, a negro boy calling himself JOHN. He is about 17 years of age, weighs about 150 pounds, copper color, about 5 feet 9 inches high. Says he belongs to Brown Paton of Alabama.

The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or he will be dealt with as the law requires. JOHN BRUCE, J. H. C.

Dec. 7th, 1863-1m.

NOTICE.

THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE BULLIT county jail, as a runaway slave, a negro man calling himself JOHN CLARK. He is about 25 years of age, weighs about 150 pounds, copper color, about 5 feet 9 inches high, age, not known but is young. Says he belongs to Jas. Fitz, of Louisville.

The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or he will be dealt with as the law requires. B. F. TROUTMAN, J. B. C.

Dec. 16, 1863-1m.

NOTICE.

THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE JAIL of Livingston county, as a runaway slave, on the 5th of September, 1863, a negro man calling himself BLEWFOOD. He is about 19 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, black color, and will weigh about 130 pounds. Says he belongs to Dr. Fletcher, of Henderson county, Kentucky.

The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or he will be dealt with as the law requires. T. A. LEEPER, J. L. C.

Sept. 16, 1863-1m.

NOTICE.

THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE JAIL of Livingston county, as a runaway slave, on the 5th of September, 1863, a negro woman calling herself JANE. She is about 30 years of age, 5 feet 4 inches high, black color. She refuses to tell her owners name.

The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or he will be dealt with as the law requires. T. A. LEEPER, J. L. C.

Sept. 16, 1863-1m.

MRS. MARY WILLIS TODD'S

SCHOOL will commence, Monday, the 7th day of September, 1863, in the basement of the Presbyterian Church.

TERMS—Per Session of five months, \$10.

July 22, 1863-1m.

NOTICE.

THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE JAIL of Grant county, as a runaway slave a negro woman calling herself MOLLY. She is about 16 years of age, black color.

The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or she will be dealt with as the law requires. B. WILSON, J. G. C.

Nov. 13, 1863-1m.

NOTICE.

THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE GRANT county jail, as a runaway slave, a negro girl calling herself LUCY. She is about 8 years old, black color.

The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or she will be dealt with as the law requires.

Nov. 13, 1863-1m.

NOTICE.

THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE GRANT county jail, as a runaway slave, a negro woman calling herself LOUISA, and her two children, HENRY and WILLIAM. The woman is about 22 years of age, mulatto color. Henry is about 4 years of age, mulatto color. William is about 2 years of age, mulatto color.

The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or they will be dealt with as the law requires.

Nov. 13, 1863-1m.

NOTICE.

THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE JAIL of Grant county, as a runaway slave, a negro woman calling herself ESTER. She is about 36 years of age, black color.

The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or she will be dealt with as the law requires.

Nov. 13, 1863-1m.

NOTICE.

THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE JAIL of Grant county, as a runaway slave, a negro woman calling herself SALLY. She is about 40 years of age, black color.

The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or she will be dealt with as the law requires.

Nov. 13, 1863-1m.

NOTICE.

THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE JAIL of Grant county, as a runaway slave, a negro man calling himself BEN. He is about 25 years of age, black color.

The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or he will be dealt with as the law requires.

Nov. 13, 1863-1m.

Stray Notice.

TAKEN up as a stray, by Wm. Malar, one SORREL MARE, four years old, a small star in the forehead. Appraised to seventy dollars before the undersigned, a Justice of the Peace for said county, this 25th day of September, 1863.

G. W. CALEIT, J. P. A. C.

Oct. 5, 1863-1m.

NOTICE.

THERE IS COMMITTED TO THE LYON county jail, as a runaway slave, a negro man calling himself ISAAC. He is about 40 years of age, weighs 150 pounds, black color, about 5 feet 6 inches high. Says he belongs to Sarah B. Wood, of Nashville, Tennessee.

The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or he will be dealt with as the law requires.

Oct. 7, 1863-1m.

JOHN LONG, J. L. C.

ESTABLISHED 1760.

PETER LORILLARD,

Snuff and Tobacco Manufacturer,

10 & 18 CHAMBERS ST.,

(Formerly 42 Chatham Street, New York.)

WOULD call the attention of Dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz:

BROWN SNU